

## EDITORIAL

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The year 2023 ends with the publication of the second issue of Volume 78 of the journal *Anales de Arqueología y Etnología*. This issue has been possible thanks to the committed work of the journal's editorial team, the guest editors, the group of specialists who evaluated each contribution and the ARCA team of the Facultad de Filosofía y Letras, Universidad Nacional de Cuyo.

This issue continues with the editorial policy of publishing a dossier every semester, in this opportunity, the dossier *Camelid Zooarchaeology*, edited by Pablo Mercolli, Hugo Jacobaccio and Mariana Dantas, is presented. It compiles some of the papers presented at the V Workshop on Zooarqueología de camélidos, held in Córdoba between May 11 and 13, 2022. It contains three contributions, plus an introduction by the editors. The work of Natalia Soledad Morales, Fernando Walter Pablo Oliva, Luciana Catella, Gustavo Barrientos, presents an analysis methodology, based on different baselines, to evaluate the significance of multiple profiles of guanaco (*Lama guanicoe*) anatomical parts from late Holocene archaeological sites in the southeastern Pampean Region. Besides, the contribution of Alejandra Gasco and Jimena Paiva, presents the raw osteometric data of an emblematic specimen of *Lama guanicoe cacsilencis*, with the aim of exposing relevant information in the service of osteometry and to be used in postcranial bone analysis of camelids in the central-southern Andes. Finally, the work of Pablo Mercolli and Axel Nielsen, provides the results of the analysis of a set of bones recovered in a domestic context corresponding to the 16th-18th

centuries, in the Laqaya site (Lípez, Potosí, Bolivia), where the presence of camelids stands out, especially the predominance of wild ones.

On top of this, two free articles are published. The work of Gabriela Roxana Cattáneo, José María Caminoa, Ruth Lazarte, focuses on the taphonomic study of quartz archaeological lithic assemblages from the highland area of central Argentina. The contribution of Agustina Longo analyzes the contexts of use of vessels recovered from residential contexts in the central-western sector of valle de Santa María (Catamarca, Tucumán) (ca. 0-1500 A.D.).